

Coronavirus Care  
Community of Practice

Bystander Rescue Care  
*CareUniversity Series*

## 10 Best Practices for Reopening

### Survive & Thrive Guide™

Coronavirus Care  
Community of Practice

Bystander Rescue Care  
*CareUniversity Series*

## Welcome

**Charles Denham, MD**

Chairman, TMIT Global  
Founder Med Tac Bystander Rescue Care

Med Tac Bystander Rescue Care  
June 3, 2021

CareUniversity Webinar 162

Coronavirus Care  
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## Our Purpose, Mission, and Values

**Our Purpose:**  
We will measure our success by how **we protect and enrich the lives of families...patients AND caregivers.**

**Our Mission:**  
To accelerate performance solutions that **save lives, save money, and create value** in the communities we serve and ventures we undertake.

**Our ICARE Values:**  
**Integrity, Compassion, Accountability, Reliability, and Entrepreneurship.**

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## Disclosure Statement

The following panelists certify that unless otherwise noted below, each presenter provided full disclosure information; does not intend to discuss an unapproved/investigative use of a commercial product/device; and has no significant financial relationship(s) to disclose. If unapproved uses of products are discussed, presenters are expected to disclose this to participants. None of the participants have any relationship pharmaceutical or device companies discussed in their presentations. The funding of the program is from the Denham Family fund of TMIT Global, a 501c3 Medical Research Organization

- Gregory H. Botz, MD, FCCM, has nothing to disclose.
- William Adcox has nothing to disclose.
- Jennifer Dingman has nothing to disclose.
- Heather Foster has nothing to disclose.
- David Beshk has nothing to disclose.
- Jaime Yrastorza has nothing to disclose.
- Paul Bhatia has nothing to disclose.

Charles Denham, MD, is the Chairman of TMIT Global; a former TMIT education grantee of CareFusion and AORN with co-production by Discovery Channel for Chasing Zero documentary and Toolbox including models; and an education grantee of GE with co-production by Discovery Channel for Surfing the Healthcare Tsunami documentary and Toolbox, including models. HCC is a former contractor for GE and CareFusion, and a former contractor with Siemens and Nanosonics, which produces a sterilization device, Trophon. HCC is a former contractor with Senior Care Centers. HCC is a former contractor for ByoPlanet, a producer of sanitation devices for multiple industries. He does not currently work with any pharmaceutical or device company. His current area of research is in threat management to institutions including conflict of interest, healthcare fraud, and continuing professional education and consumer education including bystander care. Dr. Denham is the developer and producer of CareUniversity™, the learning management system providing continuing education materials for TMIT Global.

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Speakers & Reactors

Jennifer Dingman

Dr. Gregory Botz

Heather Foster RN

William Adcox

David Beshk

Jaime Yrastorza

Paul Bhatia EMT

Charlie Denham III

Dr. Charles Denham

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Voice of the Patient

Jennifer Dingman

Founder, Persons United Limiting Substandard and Errors in Healthcare (PULSE), Colorado Division  
 Co-founder, PULSE American Division  
 TMIT Patient Advocate Team Member  
 Pueblo, CO

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Med Tac Bystander Rescue Care



10 Principles and 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

10 Principles:


1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety
5. Establish a Safety Leader
6. Readiness
7. Response
8. Rescue
9. Recovery
10. Resilience

10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
3. Keeping the Family Safe
4. Creating a Family Safety Plan
5. Practicing the Family Safety Plan
6. Providing Care at Home
7. Emergency Rescue Skills
8. What to Do – They're in ICU
9. Long Haulers & COVID Recovery
10. The 4 P's at the New Normal

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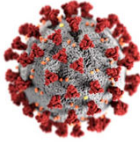
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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™




**Gregory H. Botz, MD, FCCM**

Professor of Anesthesiology and Critical Care  
UT MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX  
Adjunct Clinical Professor, Department of Anesthesiology  
Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, CA





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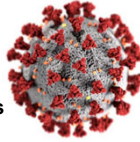
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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™




**William Adcox, MBA**

Chief of Police and Chief Security Officer  
MD Anderson Cancer Center and The University of Texas Health Science Center, Houston, TX





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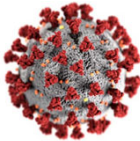
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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™




**Heather Foster RN BSN**

Frontline Nurse  
Infection Prevention Advisor  
Patient Safety Advocate  
Dolores Colorado





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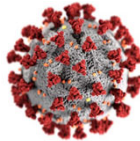
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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™



**David Beshk**

Educator  
Master Med Tac Instructor  
Eagle Scout Advisor  
Southern California




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10 Best Practices for Reopening

A Survive & Thrive Guide™

Jaime Yrastorza

Medical Student  
University of Nebraska  
Med Tac Producer  
Eagle Scout Advisor  
Continuing Medical Education

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Paul Bhatia, EMT

Pre-medical Student  
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Charlie Denham III

High School Student  
Co-founder Med Tac Bystander  
Rescue Care Program  
Adopt a Cove Program Lead

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Med Tac Bystander Rescue Care



### High Impact Care Hazards to Patients, Students, and Employees



<https://www.medtacglobal.org/>

**Cardiac Arrest**

**Choking & Drowning**

**Opioid Overdose**

**Anaphylaxis**

**Major Trauma**

**Infection Care**

**Transportation Accidents**

**Bullying**


**Bystander Care Training** is a critical need in all communities. The preventable deaths we see in the news are the tip of the iceberg. Our program is a Good Samaritan support system to help everyone learn life-saving actions that will save lives.

**High Impact Care Hazards** are conditions that are frequent, severe, preventable, and measurable. We have identified the leading causes of death that strike children, youth, and those in their workforce years. We provide evidence-based bystander care training that can have the greatest impact.

**Bystander Rescue Skills** are the competencies that bystanders can learn that will save lives in the few precious minutes before the professional first responders arrive. Such behaviors can be learned by children, adults, and entire families. We have programs for children, adults, law enforcement, educators, lifeguards, and caregivers.

**MedTac** is the only integrated program addressing the top causes of death of otherwise healthy children, youth, and adults in the workforce. Med Tac partners with terrific on-site trainers from great organizations who are already in the community.

### High Impact Care Hazards to Patients, Students, and Employees



Cardiac Arrest

Choking & Drowning

Opioid Overdose

Anaphylaxis

Major Trauma

Infections

Transportation Accidents

Bullying

Med Tac Story Article

Active Shooter Healthcare Article

Rapid Response Teams Article

AED & Bleeding Control Gear Article

Family Safety Plan Article

**A Medical-Tactical Approach** undertaken by clinical and non-clinical people can have enormous impact on loss of life and harm from very common hazards:

- High Impact Care Hazards** are frequent, severe, preventable, and measurable.
- Lifeline Behaviors** undertaken by anyone can save lives.

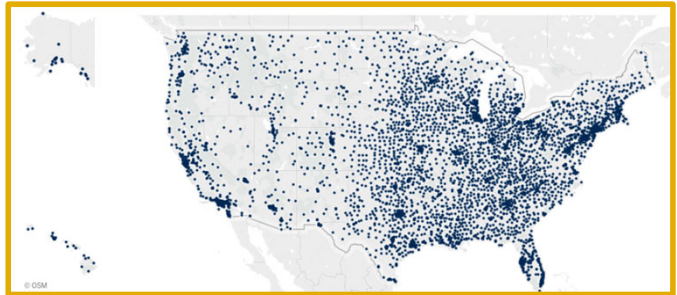
**Supports today's webinar**

### Survive & Thrive Guide: Keeping Your Family Safe

## TMIT Global Research Test Bed

3,100 Hospitals in 3,000 Communities

500 Subject Matter Expert Pool Developed over 35 Years

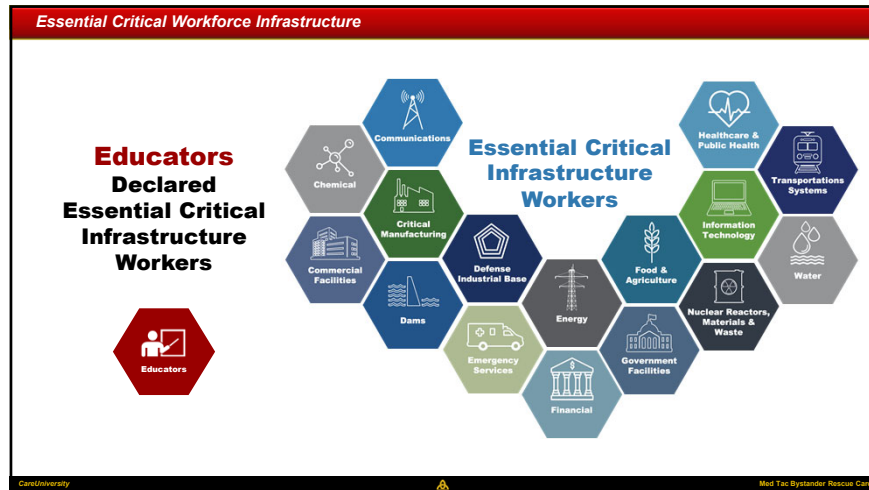


### Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family



## 500 Subject Matter Experts

Graphic Representation to Protect Expert Privacy



**Monthly Webinars every first Thursday of the month at 1PM ET (Noon Central and 10AM PT). Free, video, and resources posted.**

**Coronavirus - Protecting You & Your Family**

**BASIC MODULES**

- Why Bystander Responder NEEDS
- Mask: The SCIENCE of Success
- Hand Washing & DISINFECTANTS
- CLEAR High Contact Surfaces
- Building a FAMILY SAFETY PLAN
- If an MED Emergency Call
- Why CDC, Regulators, and ECOW

**ADVANCED MODULES**

- Preparing for CARE at Home
- Care of Seniors & Home AT-RISK
- The Latest Best Practices
- Compensate Self on Your Work
- Getting Home Safe Webinar
- The New Normal Webinar
- Back to School Safety

**Related Resources**

**Care of the At Risk & Seniors at Home**

[www.medtacglobal.org/coronavirus-response/](http://www.medtacglobal.org/coronavirus-response/)

**BASIC MODULES:**

- Short Videos 4-10 min
- Critical Information
- Hits Pillars of Prevention

**ADVANCED MODULES:**

- Longer more detailed
- Webinar Recordings
- Technical Information

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**MED + TAC Global** **Coronavirus Care Community of Practice** **Bystander Rescue Care CareUniversity Series**

John Nance JD, Dr. Gregory Botz, Chief William Adcox, Heather Foster, Dr. Charles Denham, Dr. Casey Clements, Beth Ullen, Dr. McDowell, Dennis Quid, Preston Head III, Fred Haise, Dr. Steve Swensen, Tyler Sant, Avarie Pettit, Dr. Mary Foley, Bob Chapman, Perry Bechtie III, Becky Martins, Betsy Denham, Charlie Denham III, Dr. C Peabody, Dr. Chris Fox, Randy Styner, Tom Renner, David Beahk, Ann Rhoades, Nancy Conrad, Dr. Chopra, John Little, Debbie Medina

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Matt Horace, John Tomlinson, Dan Ford, Arlene Salamandra, Jennifer Dingman, Bill George, Penny George, Hilary Schmidt PhD, Paul Bhatia EMT, Dr. McDowell

**Contributions Through Segments of our Discovery Channel Documentaries**

Prof Christensen, Jim Collins, C Sullenberger, Charlotte Guglielmi, Dr. Don Berwick, Dr. Howard Koh, Dr. Jim Bagian, Dr. Harvey Fineberg

**Chasing the Zero**

**Surfing the Healthcare Tsunami**

**3 Minutes & Counting Bystanders Care!**

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### Youth & Young Adult Team

D Contreras EMT Harvard	Ivy Tran EMT Harvard	Nick Scheel UCSB	Sophia McDowell California Inst. of Arts	Audrey Lam EMT USC	Jacqueline Botz Chapman	Luis Licon UCI Alum	Melanie Rubalcava UCSD
Charlie Denham III High School Lead	Charlie Beall Stanford Alum	Marcus McDowell U of Cincinnati	Jaime Yrastorza UCSD Pre-med	Paul Bhatia EMT UCI Pre-med	D Policchio NYU Film	Manue Lopez Berkeley Alum	Preston Head III UCLA Alum

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**10 Principles and 10 Best Practices for Re-opening**

### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety
5. Establish a Safety Leader
6. Readiness
7. Response
8. Rescue
9. Recovery
10. Resilience

### 10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
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6. Providing Care at Home
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8. What to Do – They're in ICU
9. Long Haulers & COVID Recovery
10. The 4 P's at the New Normal

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**10 Best Practices for Re-opening**

### Our Survive & Thrive Guide Updates

### 10 Best Practices:

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**10 Principles and 10 Best Practices for Re-opening**

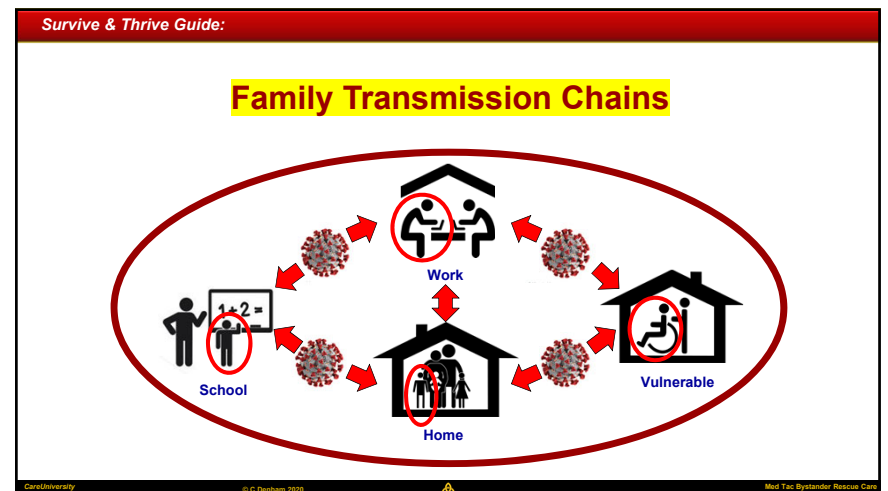
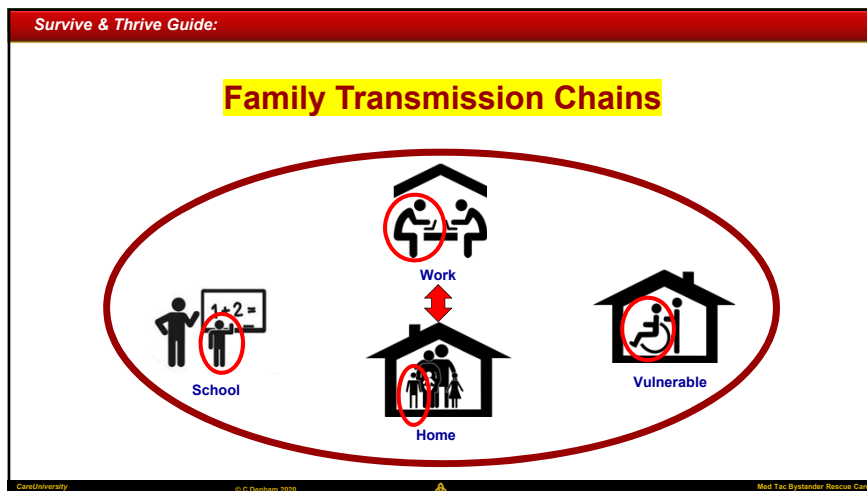
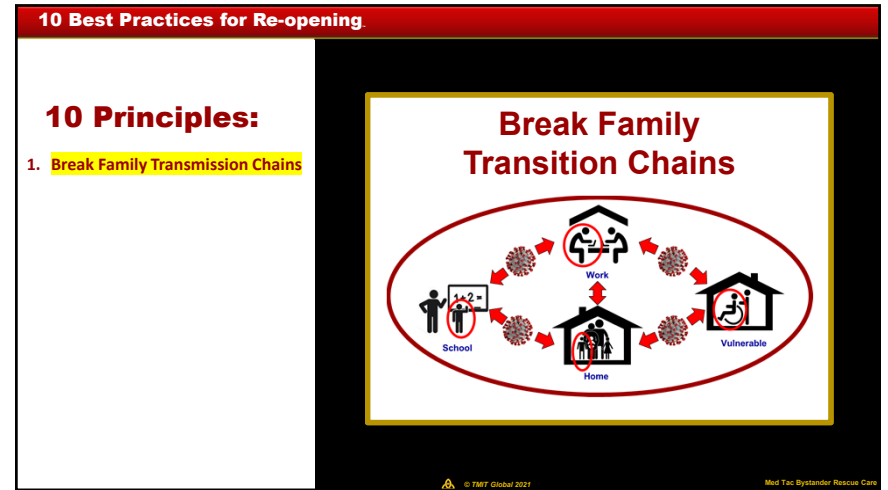
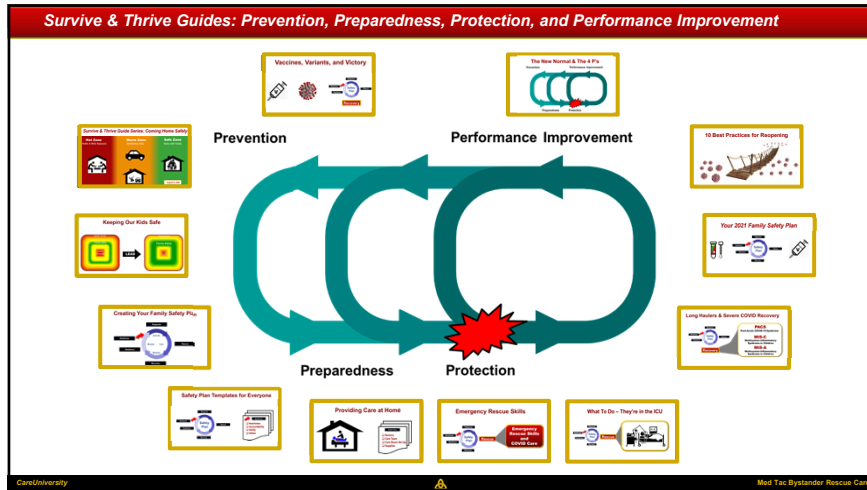
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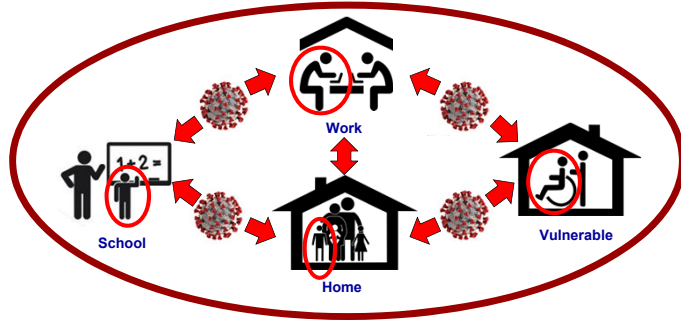
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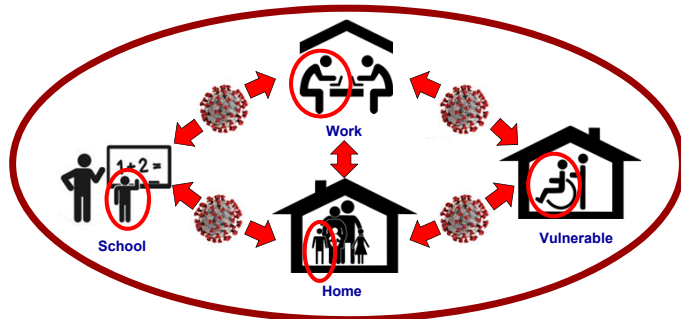
### The Achilles Heel



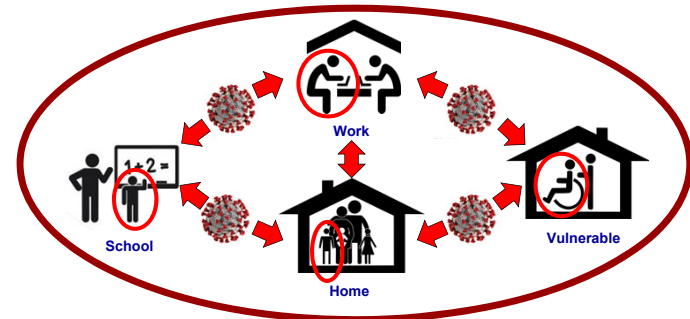
### Breaking Family Transmission Chains



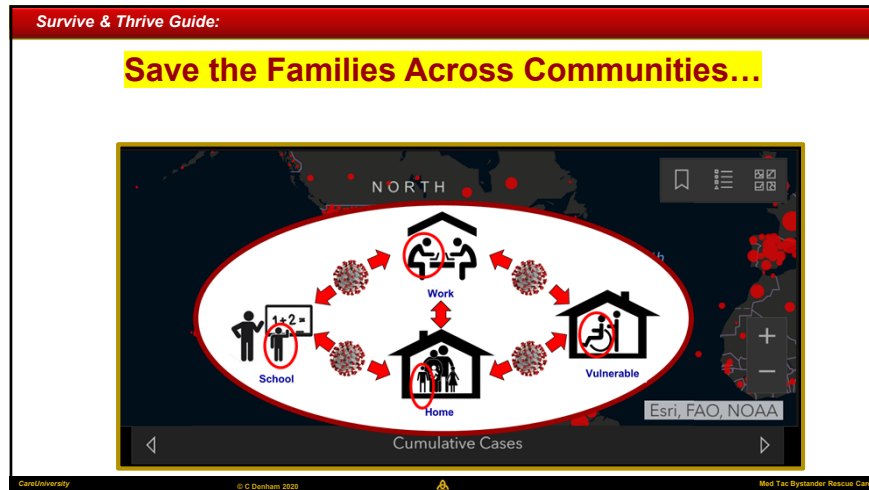
### Save the Families...



### Save the Families... You Save the Worker








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Coronavirus Care Community of Practice

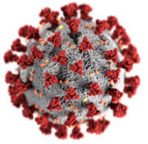
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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™



**Gregory H. Botz, MD, FCCM**

Professor of Anesthesiology and Critical Care  
UT MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX  
Adjunct Clinical Professor, Department of  
Anesthesiology  
Stanford University School of Medicine,  
Stanford, CA




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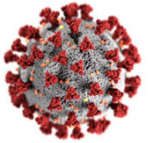
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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™



**Heather Foster RN BSN**

Frontline Nurse  
Infection Prevention Advisor  
Patient Safety Advocate  
Dolores Colorado



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**10 Best Practices for Re-opening**

### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. **Vaccinate the Family**

## Vaccinate the Family



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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening

### A Survive & Thrive Guide™

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Emerging Threats  
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## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. **Don't Share the Air**

### Don't Share the Air

No Mask – Extreme Risk

15 minutes within 6 feet = "High Risk"

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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening

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## Pre-med & Incoming Medical Students

### Survive & Thrive Guide

#### Masks: The SCIENCE of Success

Charles Denham II MD, William Adcox, Charles Denham III, Jaime Yrastorza, and Gregory Botz MD FCCM

This article is a narrative summary of the short film entitled *Masks: The SCIENCE of Success* posted on the Med Tac Global website that provides access to free films and resources to families of the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers of sixteen industry sectors and the general public.<sup>1</sup>

N95 Mask      Surgical Mask      Cloth Mask

**Jaime Yrastorza**  
Incoming Medical Student  
Co-author Survive  
& Thrive Guides  
CME Producer

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# 10 Best Practices for Reopening

## A Survive & Thrive Guide™

Paul Bhatia, EMT

Pre-medical Student

President UCI EMT Organization

Med Tac Student Outreach Lead for College and High Schools

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# 10 Best Practices for Reopening

## A Survive & Thrive Guide™

Heather Foster RN BSN

Frontline Nurse

Infection Prevention Advisor

Patient Safety Advocate

Dolores Colorado

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10 Best Practices for Re-opening

# 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety

# Turn the Science into Safety

Public Health Guidelines

Family Safety Plans

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Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

# CDC Updates Operational Strategy for K-12 Schools to Reflect New Evidence on Physical Distance in Classrooms

Press Release

Embargoed Until: Friday, March 19, 2021, 12 p.m. ET

Contact: [Media Relations](#)

(404) 639-3286

- In elementary schools, CDC recommends all students remain at least 3 feet apart in classrooms where mask use is universal — regardless of whether community transmission is low, moderate, substantial, or high.
- In middle and high schools, CDC also recommends students should be at least 3 feet apart in classrooms where mask use is universal and in communities where transmission is low, moderate, or substantial.
- Middle school students and high school students should be at least 6 feet apart in communities where transmission is high, if cohorting is not possible. Cohorting is when groups of students are kept together with the same peers and staff throughout the school day to reduce the risk for spread throughout the school. This recommendation is because COVID-19 transmission dynamics are different in older students – that is, they are more likely to be exposed to SARS-CoV-2 and spread it than younger children.
  - Middle school students and high school students should be at least 6 feet apart in communities where transmission is high, if cohorting is not possible. Cohorting is when groups of students are kept together with the same peers and staff throughout the school day to reduce the risk for spread throughout the school. This recommendation is because COVID-19 transmission dynamics are different in older students – that is, they are more likely to be exposed to SARS-CoV-2 and spread it than younger children.

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## CDC Updates Operational Strategy for K-12 Schools to Reflect New Evidence on Physical Distance in Classrooms

### Press Release

Embargoed Until: Friday, March 19, 2021, 12 p.m. ET  
Contact: [Media Relations](#)

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Still throughout the school day to reduce the risk for spread throughout the school. This recommendation is because COVID-19 transmission dynamics are different in older students — that is, they are more likely to be exposed to SARS-CoV-2 and spread it than younger children.

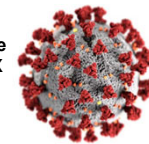


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UT MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX  
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## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety
5. **Establish a Safety Leader**

### Establish a Safety Leader



### Family Health Safety & Organization Security Plans™



### The Family CFO: Chief Family Officer



#### Thoughts for Families with Young Children:

- ❑ Review other Readiness Checklists. Use FEMA Emergency Preparedness Checklist (we use when we teach Med Tac Bystander Rescue Program).
- ❑ Make sure you have Personal Protective Equipment for everyone.
- ❑ Make sure you have a copy of everyone's Medical Records including lists of allergies and meds.
- ❑ Review the 5 Rights of Emergency Care video to be prepared for a new experience.
- ❑ Use Icons in your plan to make plan family friendly.
- ❑ Create plan sections for adults and children
- ❑ Create an "All Teach All Learn" Environment
- ❑ Play Date Simulations for being prepared.
- ❑ Gamify Readiness — we use FEMA as an example

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## Be Your Family Lifeguard & Holiday Huddle Checklist

**Charles R. Denham III**  
High School Student  
Co-founder Med Tac Bystander Rescue Care Program  
Co-lead Lifeguard Surf Program  
Junior Med Tac Instructor  
Certified Lifeguard

**David Beshk**  
Award Winning Educator  
Med Tac Master Instructor  
Eagle Scout Advisor  
Merit Badge Counselor

© C Denham 2020

Family Lifeguard

## Be Your Family Lifeguard

90% Prevention and 10% Rescue

### Holiday Huddle Checklist

**The Goal - Prevent Bubble Trouble**  
Maintain the Four Pillars: Distance, Hand Hygiene, Disinfect Surfaces, and Mask Use

**Before Event:**

- ☐ Assign Tasks to Family Members
- ☐ Prepare Separate Family Bubble Portions
- ☐ Set Up Handwashing Stations
- ☐ Develop a Bathroom Plan
- ☐ Prepare Bathroom - Optimize Ventilation
- ☐ Maintain Kitchen Hygiene

**During Event:**

- ☐ Convene Holiday Huddle with Guests
- ☐ Opening Prayer
- ☐ Describe Safe Family Bubbles
- ☐ Review Four Safety Pillars
- ☐ Provide Restroom Plan
- ☐ Describe Eating Plan
- ☐ Summarize Clean Up Plan

**After Event:**

- ☐ Glove up to Clean Up
- ☐ Soak Plates and Cutlery in Soapy Water
- ☐ Wipe down surfaces touched by guests
- ☐ Wipe down bathroom used by guests
- ☐ Meet to de-brief to be safer next time

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Family Lifeguard

## Spring Break, Ski Week, and Vacations

### Holiday Huddle Checklist

**The Goal - Prevent Bubble Trouble**  
Maintain the Four Pillars: Distance, Hand Hygiene, Disinfect Surfaces, and Mask Use

**Before Event:**

- ☐ Assign Tasks to Family Members
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- ☐ Summarize Clean Up Plan

**After Event:**

- ☐ Glove up to Clean Up
- ☐ Soak Plates and Cutlery in Soapy Water
- ☐ Wipe down surfaces touched by guests
- ☐ Wipe down bathroom used by guests
- ☐ Meet to de-brief to be safer next time

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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™

**David Beshk**  
Award Winning Educator  
Master Med Tac Instructor  
Eagle Scout Advisor  
Southern California

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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening

### A Survive & Thrive Guide™

Gregory H. Botz, MD, FCCM

Professor of Anesthesiology and Critical Care  
 UT MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX  
 Adjunct Clinical Professor, Department of Anesthesiology  
 Stanford University School of Medicine,  
 Stanford, CA

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## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety
5. Establish a Safety Leader
6. **Readiness**

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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

### Family Health Safety Plans

**Readiness:** Preparation, regular review, and updating of a plan based on the latest science. Regular deliberate practice of roles and skills each family member undertake.

**Response:** Family moves to action to respond to an emergency. Safeguards are put in place. The family may respond to a member being infected or exposed to someone infected.

**Resilience:** Fortify response, rescue, and recovery actions in plan. In law enforcement and healthcare, we call this "target hardening".

**Rescue:** Regular deliberate practice of roles and skills to take a loved one to the Emergency Department if they have severe symptoms. This means having records and medications ready go with the patient.

**Recovery:** Follow up care of the family member after an event. Returning to normal family activities after a family member is infected and isolated, hospitalized, or under quarantine."

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**Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family**

### Family Health Safety Plans

**Readiness:** Preparation, regular review, and updating of a plan based on the latest science. Regular deliberate practice of roles and skills each family member undertake.

The diagram shows a circular process with four stages: Activate, Monitor, Care, and Mobilize. A red arrow points from a box labeled 'Readiness' to the 'Activate' stage of the cycle.

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**10 Best Practices for Re-opening**

### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety
5. Establish a Leader
6. Readiness
7. **Response**

The diagram shows a circular process with four stages: Response, Resilience, Recovery, and Rescue. A red arrow points from a box labeled 'Readiness' to the 'Response' stage of the cycle.

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**Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family**

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**Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family**

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**Readiness** → **Response** → **Rescue** → **Recovery** → **Readiness**

**Recovery:** Follow up care of the family member after an event. Returning to normal family activities after a family member is infected and isolated, hospitalized, or under quarantine.

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**10 Best Practices for Re-opening**

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6. Readiness
7. Response
8. Rescue
9. Recovery

**Readiness** → **Response** → **Rescue** → **Recovery** → **Readiness**

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**Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family**

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**Readiness** → **Response** → **Rescue** → **Recovery** → **Readiness**

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### 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

#### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety
5. Establish a Leader
6. Readiness
7. Response
8. Rescue
9. Recovery
10. **Resilience**

### Resilience

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### Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

#### Family Health Safety Plans

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### 10 Principles and 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

#### 10 Principles:

1. Break Family Transmission Chains
2. Vaccinate the Family
3. Don't Share the Air
4. Turn the Science into Safety
5. Establish a Safety Leader
6. Readiness
7. Response
8. Rescue
9. Recovery
10. Resilience

#### 10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
3. Keeping the Family Safe
4. Creating a Family Safety Plan
5. Practicing the Family Safety Plan
6. Providing Care at Home
7. Emergency Rescue Skills
8. What to Do – They're in ICU
9. Long Haulers & COVID Recovery
10. The 4 P's at the New Normal

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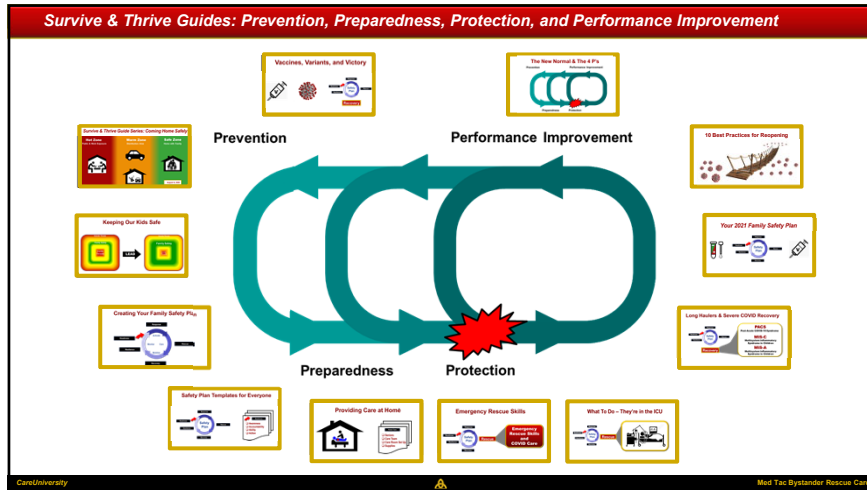
### 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

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### 10 Best Practices:

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**10 Best Practices for Re-opening**

**10 Best Practices:**

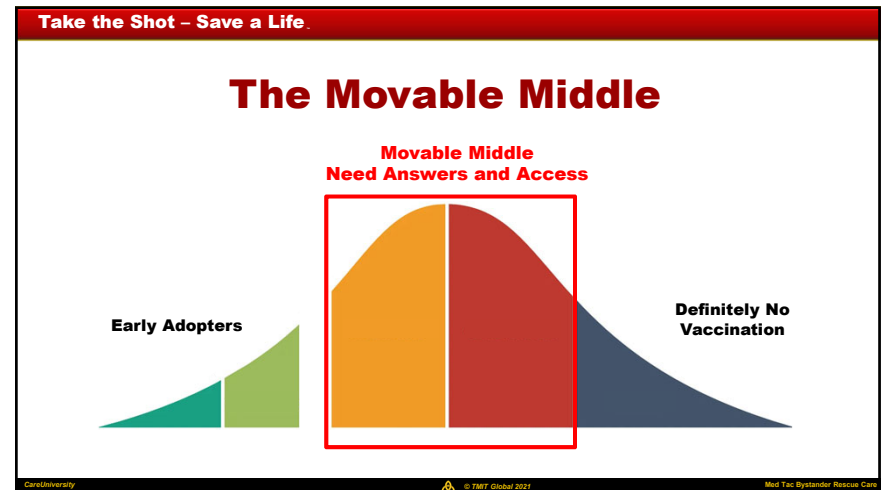
- Vaccines – Take the Shots**

**Vaccines: Take the Shots**

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**Take the Shot – Save a Life™**

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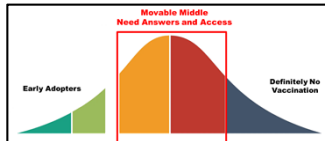


Vox

## The 6 reasons Americans aren't getting vaccinated

This is the challenge the US has to overcome to get back to post-pandemic normal.

By German Lopez | @germanlopez | german.lopez@vox.com | Jun 2, 2021, 11:00am EDT



1. Lack of Access Real or Perceived
2. COVID 19 Isn't Seen as a Threat
3. Vaccine Side Effects
4. Lack of Trust in Vaccines
5. Lack of Trust in Institutions
6. A Variety of Conspiracy Theories

Source: Vox, 06-03-21

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## Take the Shot – Save a Life

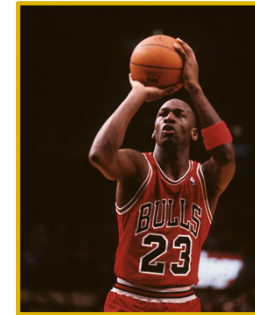


Photo 73861834 © Jerry Coll | Dreamstime.com

## The Vaccination Conversation

- Why Vaccinate?
- Why You?
- Why Now?

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## The Vaccination Conversation



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UF UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA

UCSB UNIVERSITY of CALIFORNIA SANTA BARBARA

### Family Rescue R&D



### The 5 R's of Safety

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Berkeley UNIVERSITY of CALIFORNIA

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CHAPMAN UNIVERSITY

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### Youth & Young Adult Team

D Contreras EMT Harvard	Ivy Tran EMT Harvard	Nick Scheel UCSB	Sophia McDowell California Inst. of Arts	Audrey Lam EMT USC	Jacqueline Botz Chapman	Luis Licon UCI Alum	Melanie Rubalcava UCSD
Charlie Denham III High School Lead	Charlie Beall Stanford Alum	Marcus McDowell U of Cincinnati	Jaime Yrastorza UCSD Pre-med	Paul Bhatia EMT UCI Pre-med	D Policchio NYU Film	Manue Lopez Berkeley Alum	Preston Head III UCLA Alum

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<b>High School Students - Why Wait?</b> 	<b>COVID Impact on Opera Singers?</b> 	<b>Long COVID Impact on Athletes?</b> 
<b>Will Vaccines Change my DNA?</b> 	<b>Do Vaccines Work for All Races?</b> 	<b>How Can Youth Organizations Help?</b> 
<b>COVID Long Haul &amp; Brain Fog?</b> 	<b>Which Vaccines are the Best?</b> 	<b>Should I Wait and See?</b> 

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### 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™

**Paul Bhatia, EMT**  
 Pre-medical Student  
 President UCI EMT Organization  
 Med Tac Student Outreach Lead  
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### 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™

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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening

### A Survive & Thrive Guide™

**Charlie Denham III**

High School Student  
Co-founder Med Tac Bystander  
Rescue Care Program  
Adopt a Cove Program Lead

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## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Best Practices:

- Vaccines – Take the Shots
- Coming Home Safe**

### Coming Home Safe

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## Coming Home Safely

### Family Survive & Thrive Guide™

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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

### Hot-Warm-Safe Zone Practices

Hot Zone Public & Work Exposure	Warm Zone Disinfection Area	Safe Zone Home with Family
<p><u>Maintain Best Protection</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Social Distance</li> <li>Masks</li> <li>Hand Hygiene</li> <li>Clean Hi-Contact Surfaces</li> </ul>	<p><u>Disinfection &amp; Storage</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Considered Contaminated</li> <li>Remove PPE</li> <li>Disinfect each Person</li> <li>Store PPE</li> <li>Separate Laundry</li> <li>Clean Surfaces</li> </ul>	<p><u>Maintain Zone Virus Free</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disinfection Stations at doors at Warm Zones</li> <li>Clean Contact Surfaces</li> <li>Maintain Ventilation</li> <li>Manage Isolation, Quarantine, and Senior Care</li> </ul>

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**Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family**

## THE LANCET

April 15, 2021

### **“Aerosols are the Dominant Mode of Transmission”**

Ten scientific reasons in support of airborne transmission of SARS-CoV-2

1. The dominance of airborne transmission is supported by long-range transmission observed at super-spreader events.
2. Long-range transmission has been reported among rooms at COVID-19 quarantine hotels, settings where infected people never spent time in the same room.
3. Asymptomatic individuals account for an estimated 33% to 59% of SARS-CoV-2 transmission, and could be spreading the virus through speaking, which produces thousands of aerosol particles and few large droplets.
4. Transmission outdoors and in well-ventilated indoor spaces is lower than in enclosed spaces.
5. Nosocomial infections are reported in healthcare settings where protective measures address large droplets but not aerosols.
6. Viable SARS-CoV-2 has been detected in the air of hospital rooms and in the car of an infected person.
7. Investigators found SARS-CoV-2 in hospital air filters and building ducts.
8. It's not just humans — infected animals can infect animals in other cages connected only through an air duct.
9. No strong evidence refutes airborne transmission, and contact tracing supports secondary transmission in crowded, poorly ventilated indoor spaces.
10. Only limited evidence supports other means of SARS-CoV-2 transmission, including through fomites or large droplets.

Source: [www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736\(21\)00869/2](https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(21)00869/2)

**Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family**

## Hot-Warm-Safe Zone Practices

CDC Centers for Disease Control and Prevention  
CDC 24/7: Saving Lives. Protecting People™

COVID-19

### Science Brief: SARS-CoV-2 and Surface (Fomite) Transmission for Indoor Community Environments

Updated Apr. 5, 2021 Languages Print

The principal mode by which people are infected with SARS-CoV-2 (the virus that causes COVID-19) is through [exposure to respiratory droplets carrying infectious virus](#). It is possible for people to be infected through contact with contaminated surfaces or objects (fomites), but the risk is generally considered to be low.

### Background

SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19, is an enveloped virus, meaning that its genetic material is packed inside an outer layer (envelope) of proteins and lipids. The envelope contains structures (spike proteins) for

**CDC Guidelines for Vaccinated and Unvaccinated People**

### Choosing Safer Activities

Unvaccinated People	Your Activity	Fully Vaccinated People
Least Safe	Attend a crowded, outdoor event, like a live performance, parade, or sports event	
Less Safe	Dine at an outdoor restaurant with friends from multiple households	
Safe	Attend a small, outdoor gathering with fully vaccinated family and friends	
Safest	Walk, run, or bike outdoors with members of your household	

### Outdoor Activities

Your Activity	Fully Vaccinated People	Unvaccinated People
Walk, run, wheelchair roll, or bike outdoors with members of your household	Safe	Safe
Attend a small, outdoor gathering with fully vaccinated family and friends	Safe	Safe

**Get a COVID-19 vaccine**

Remember: Vaccines are essential! They protect you and others from serious illness and death. Get vaccinated as soon as you can. If you have a medical condition, talk to your doctor about getting vaccinated.

**CDC Guidelines for Vaccinated and Unvaccinated People**

### Choosing Safer Activities

Unvaccinated People	Your Activity	Fully Vaccinated People
Least Safe	Attend a crowded, outdoor event, like a live performance, parade, or sports event	
Less Safe	Dine at an outdoor restaurant with friends from multiple households	
Safe	Attend a small, outdoor gathering with fully vaccinated and unvaccinated people	
Safest	Attend a small, outdoor gathering with fully vaccinated family and friends	
	Walk, run, or bike outdoors with members of your household	

## Choosing Safer Activities

	Unvaccinated People	Your Activity	Fully Vaccinated People	
		Indoor		
Less Safe		Visit a barber or hair salon		Safest
		Go to an uncrowded, indoor shopping center or museum		
		Ride public transport with limited occupancy		
		Attend a small, indoor gathering of fully vaccinated and unvaccinated people from multiple households		

## Choosing Safer Activities

	Unvaccinated People	Your Activity	Fully Vaccinated People	
		Indoor		
Least Safe		Go to an indoor movie theater		
		Attend a full-capacity worship service		
		Sing in an indoor chorus		
		Eat at an indoor restaurant or bar		
		Participate in an indoor, high intensity exercise class		

## Hot-Warm-Safe Zone Practices

### Background

SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19, is an enveloped virus, meaning that its genetic material is packed inside an outer layer (envelope) of proteins and lipids. The envelope contains structures (spike proteins) for attaching to human cells during infection. The envelope for SARS-CoV-2, as with other enveloped respiratory viruses, is labile and can degrade quickly upon contact with surfactants contained in cleaning agents and under environmental conditions. The risk of fomite-mediated transmission is dependent on:

- The infection prevalence rate in the community
- The amount of virus infected people expel (which can be substantially reduced by [wearing masks](#))
- The deposition of expelled virus particles onto surfaces (fomites), which is affected by air flow and [ventilation](#)
- The interaction with environmental factors (e.g., heat and evaporation) causing damage to virus particles while airborne and on fomites
- The time between when a surface becomes contaminated and when a person touches the surface
- The efficiency of transference of virus particles from fomite surfaces to hands and from hands to mucous membranes on the face (nose, mouth, eyes)
- The dose of virus needed to cause infection through the mucous membrane route

## Choosing Safer Activities

Updated Apr. 27, 2021 Languages Print

### What You Need to Know

- If you are [fully vaccinated](#), you can start doing many things that you had stopped doing because of the pandemic.
- When choosing safer activities, consider [how COVID-19 is spreading in your community](#), the number of people participating in the activity, and the location of the activity.
- Outdoor visits and activities are safer than indoor activities, and fully vaccinated people can participate in some indoor events safely, without much risk.
- If you haven't been vaccinated yet, [find a vaccine](#).



## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
3. **Keeping the Family Safe**

### Keeping the Family Safe

**Threats x Vulnerability = Risk**

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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

### Threats X Vulnerability = Risk to Your Family

**Threats:**  
Likely to cause **HARM**.

**Vulnerability:**  
Weaknesses that can be **EXPLOITED** by threats.

**Risk:**  
**PROBABILITY** of harm by a threat exploiting vulnerability.

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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

### Threats X Vulnerability = Risk to Your Family

### Our Goal: Reduce Risk of Family Harm by **Reducing Vulnerability** to Threats

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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

### TIER FRAMEWORK METRICS

**CURRENT TIER: WIDESPREAD (TIER 1)**  
\*\*\*\*CPI has changed some metrics to a 4-day lag until further notice\*\*\*\*  
Daily COVID-19 Positive Cases per 100,000

**17.2**  
(7-Day Average with 4-Day Lag)  
Test Positivity Rate

**6.8%**  
(7-Day Average with 4-Day Lag)  
Health Equity Outcome Positivity Rate

**5.5%**  
as of 11/10/2020  
Tests per 100,000

**354.1**  
(7-Day Average with 7-Day Lag)  
Tier Framework

Updated: 11/22/2020

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Current Reported Patients: **365**  
Includes ICU: **88**  
Current ICU Patients: **88**

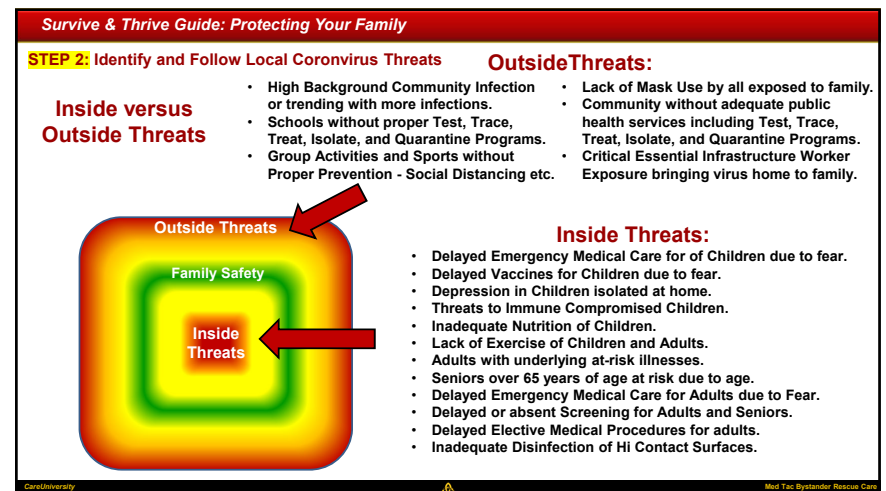
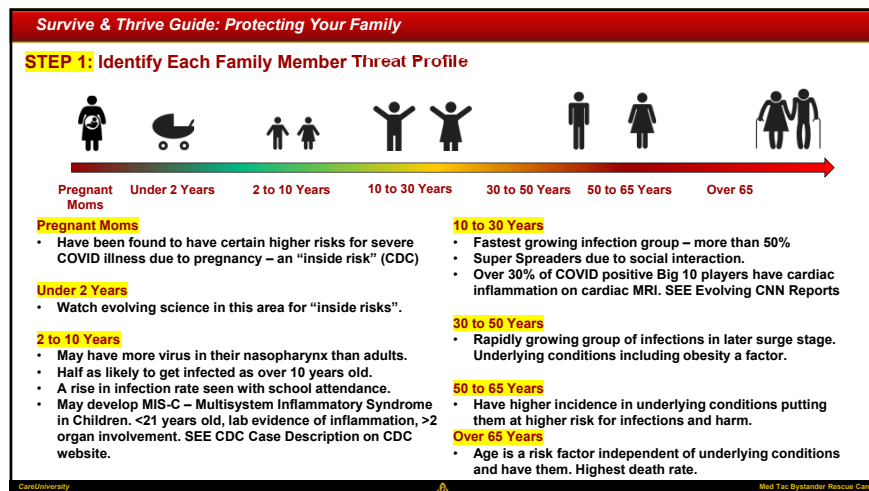
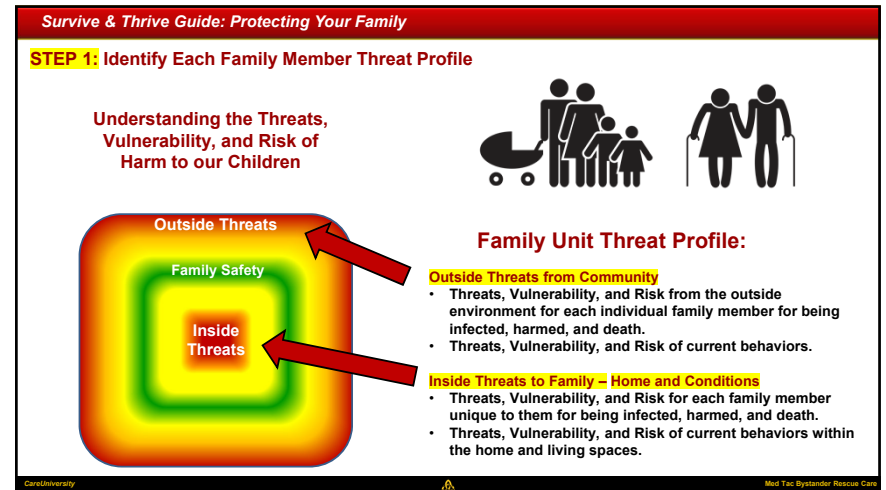
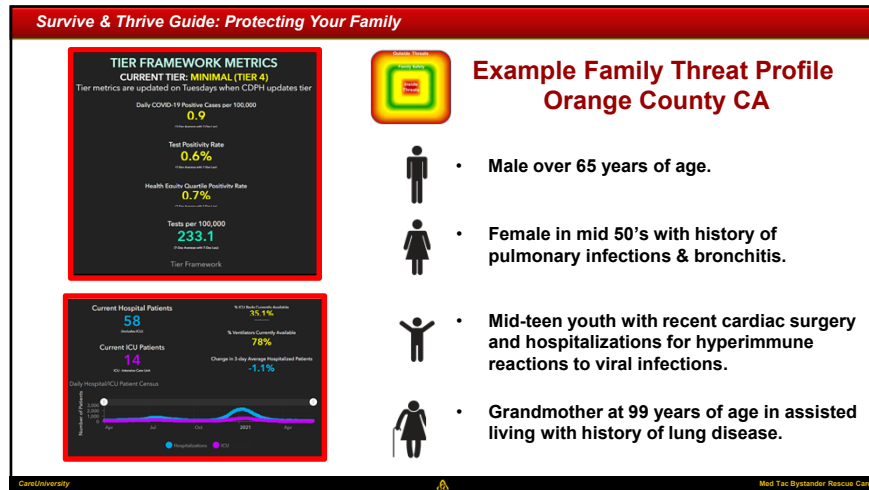
ICU - Intensive Care Unit

4-Week County Positivity: **30%**  
% Ventilators Currently Available: **66%**  
Change in 3-day Average Hospitalized Patients: **54.1%**

### Example Family Threat Profile Orange County CA

- Male over 65 years of age.
- Female in mid 50's with history of pulmonary infections & bronchitis.
- Mid-teen youth with recent cardiac surgery and hospitalizations for hyperimmune reactions to viral infections.
- Grandmother at 99 years of age in assisted living with history of lung disease.

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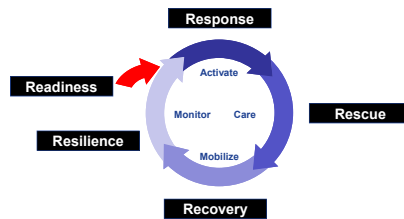


## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
3. Keeping the Family Safe
4. **Creating a Family Safety Plan**

### Creating a Family Safety Plan



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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

### STEP 3: Develop a Family Safety Plan

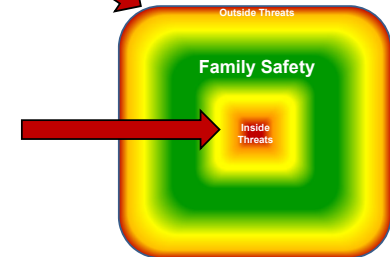
#### Reduce Vulnerability

#### Reduce Vulnerability to Outside Threats:

- Adjust behaviors depending on Background Community Infection and local infection trends.
- Base school decisions on Test, Trace, Treat, Isolate, and Quarantine Programs.
- Avoid Group Activities and Sports without Proper Social Distancing.
- Assure Mask Use by all exposed to family
- Monitor public health services including Test, Trace, Treat, Isolate, and Quarantine Programs and adjust behavior to it.
- Assure Critical Essential Infrastructure Workers reduce bringing virus home.

#### Reduce Vulnerability to Inside Threats:

- Produce a Medical Care Emergency Plan for the Children and Adults (5 Rights of Emergency Care).
- Safely see Pediatricians to maintain Vaccines.
- Combat depression in Children with activities
- Protect Immune Compromised Children .
- Protect Adults with underlying at-risk illnesses.
- Protect Seniors over 65 years of age.
- Safely Pursue Regular Screening for Adults.
- Weigh Risks for Elective Medical Procedures.
- Assure Nutrition for children and adults in isolation.
- Pursue Regular Exercise during isolation/quarantine.
- Inadequate Disinfection of Hi Contact Surfaces.



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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Protecting Your Family

### STEP 3:

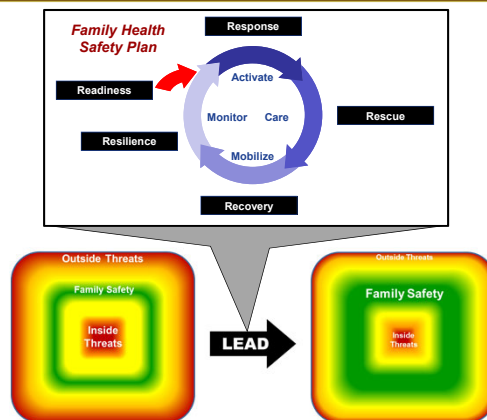
#### Develop a Family Safety Plan

- A leader or leaders of the family act as the CFO – Chief Family Officer who drives the plan: Readiness, Response, Rescue, Recovery, and Resilience.

### STEP 4:

#### Plan the Flight and Fly the Plan

- The novel Coronavirus virus science, threats, vulnerabilities, and therefore the family risk changes continuously. Every airplane flight plan is modified along the route – so will your family safety plan.



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## Survive & Thrive Guide: Family Safety Plans

### Campus Safety

News School University Hospital Technology

### Coronavirus Family Safety Plans: Protect Your Loved Ones and Help Save America

If you break the family-unit COVID-19 transmission chains, you can save the lives of teachers, healthcare workers and police officers. You might even help save our nation.



Dr. Charles Denham II, Dr. Gregory Botz, Charles Denham III, Chief William Adcox

#### The Problem:

#### Family Transmission Chains

#### The Solution:

#### Coronavirus Family Safety Plans

#### Plans Must Be Flexible:

- Family Impact Scenarios
- 4A Checklist Framework
- 5R Score Scorecards™

#### The 5 R Framework:

- Readiness
- Response
- Rescue
- Recovery
- Resilience

#### The 3 Whys:

- Why a Family Safety Plan?
- Why Now?
- Why This?

#### Our Message:

- Educators
- Students
- Law Enforcement Leaders

#### Family Impact Scenarios

No Exposure No Test or Negative Test
Exposure to Infected Person and No Test
Infected & Asymptomatic No Symptoms Ever
Infected & Pre-symptomatic Before Symptoms
Infected & Symptomatic Have Symptoms
Infected & Severely Symptomatic – Need Help
Infected & Requiring Hospitalization
Infected & Require ICU Life Support Respirator & ECMO

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## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
3. Keeping the Family Safe
4. Creating a Family Safety Plan
5. **Practicing the Family Safety Plan**

### Practicing the Family Safety Plan



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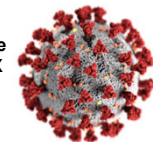
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*CareUniversity Series*

### Deliberative Practice and Competency Currency



Gregory H. Botz, MD, FCCM

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## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

### 10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
3. Keeping the Family Safe
4. Creating a Family Safety Plan
5. Practicing the Family Safety Plan
6. **Providing Care at Home**

### Providing Care At Home



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## Checklists

Home Care Room Program	Coronavirus Response CareUniversity Series
<b>Select a Care Room Checklist:</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Select a room sep that ideally should <input type="checkbox"/> Identify the bathro can be used to wa <input type="checkbox"/> If a fully dedica where supplies an the family and oth <input type="checkbox"/> If another room or station set that up <input type="checkbox"/> Make sure the Car <input type="checkbox"/> If you have no sep plastic sheets, or curtains or tents t <input type="checkbox"/> Optimize ventilati window that may t <input type="checkbox"/> If Heating and Air separate ventilati <input type="checkbox"/> Make decisions re Room. It is optima patient.	<b>Care Room Set Up Checklist:</b>
<input type="checkbox"/> Set Up Cleaning <input type="checkbox"/> Set Up Cleaning <input type="checkbox"/> Equip Both Clea <input type="checkbox"/> Post Signs to Re <input type="checkbox"/> Consider Signs <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare a Daily <input type="checkbox"/> Remove Hard to <input type="checkbox"/> Set up a Contain <input type="checkbox"/> Set up Waste Ca <input type="checkbox"/> Set up a Contain <input type="checkbox"/> Set up a Non-co <input type="checkbox"/> Put Waste Cans, Materials in Care <input type="checkbox"/> Place Safe Conta <input type="checkbox"/> Injection Meds U <input type="checkbox"/> Keep Patient's P <input type="checkbox"/> Place Water Piti <input type="checkbox"/> Personal Hygien <input type="checkbox"/> Keep dedicated Oximeters in Ca <input type="checkbox"/> Keep Reusable S	<b>Supplies Checklist:</b>
<input type="checkbox"/> Eye Protection <input type="checkbox"/> A Face Shield <input type="checkbox"/> Reusable Gloves <input type="checkbox"/> Rubber Gloves <input type="checkbox"/> Disposable Hair Cove <input type="checkbox"/> N95 Mask or Medical <input type="checkbox"/> Aprons - single-use l reusable gowns. <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic Aprons <input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol-based Hand <input type="checkbox"/> Plain Soap <input type="checkbox"/> Clean Single-use Pap <input type="checkbox"/> Safe Puncture Proof <input type="checkbox"/> Detergent for Cleanin <input type="checkbox"/> Thermometer & Med <input type="checkbox"/> Mobile Phone	<b>Home Care Team Checklists:</b>
<b>Laundry Processes:</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Disinfect Laundry Room after Every Wash <input type="checkbox"/> Always Separate Contaminated Laundry from Non-contaminated Laundry <input type="checkbox"/> Wash all regular and Non-contaminated laundry first <input type="checkbox"/> Wash kitchen towels and bathroom hand towels daily. <input type="checkbox"/> Wash all Contaminated Laundry last <input type="checkbox"/> Disinfect Laundry Room while Contaminated Laundry are in the wash <input type="checkbox"/> Move Formerly Contaminated Laundry from Washer to Dryer after Disinfecting Laundry Room	
<b>Cleaning the Home:</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Door knobs	



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# 10 Best Practices for Reopening

## A Survive & Thrive Guide™

Heather Foster RN BSN

Frontline Nurse

Infection Prevention Advisor

Patient Safety Advocate

Dolores Colorado

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Coronavirus Care

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Bystander Rescue Care

CareUniversity Series

# 10 Best Practices for Reopening

## A Survive & Thrive Guide™

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# 10 Best Practices for Re-opening.

## 10 Best Practices:

1. Vaccines – Take the Shots
2. Coming Home Safe
3. Keeping the Family Safe
4. Creating a Family Safety Plan
5. Practicing the Family Safety Plan
6. Providing Care at Home
7. Emergency Rescue Skills

## Emergency Rescue Skills

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# Family Lifeguard

## Emergency Rescue Skills: After Discharge & Transport Home

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**Video Library**

- Med Tac Story
- Med Tac Leadership Team
- Adopt a Cove Program
- 5 Rights of Emergency Care
- College and Youth Program
- Surf & Lifeguard Program
- 3 Minutes & Counting Trailer
- Opioid Overdose Briefing

### The 5 Rights of Emergency Care™

Source: Denham, CR

### The 5 Rights of Emergency Care™

**Right Provider:** Patients and families need to choose the best emergency care provider they will use prior to experiencing an emergency.

**Right Diagnosis:** The right diagnosis depends on information – make sure to help the emergency care providers with all of the information you have to help them.

**Right Treatment:** It is important to understand both the short-term implications of emergency care as well as the long-term implications. An emergency medicine visit is a snapshot in time.

**Right Discharge:** A critical area for safety is the discharge from the Emergency Department. The information shared with the patient and family will have a major impact on the outcome of care. We need to understand why we may need to come back for care.

**Right Follow-up:** The continuity of care after an Emergency Medicine visit is very important to the long-term outcome of the care received. The breakdown in follow up is often an area of safety risk.

Source: Denham, CR

### The 5 Rights of Emergency Care™

**Right Provider:** Patients and families need to choose the best emergency care provider they will use prior to experiencing an emergency.

- **Choose RIGHT Emergency Care Provider:** The one that already has your records, especially for complex issues
- **Your Choices:** Urgent Care, Community Hospital, Specialty Center – Pediatric, CA, Stroke Center Trauma Center...if you have a choice.
- **Bigger Centers – Bigger Problems:** when in doubt with serious problems the larger more comprehensive center may be best.
- **ICE – In Case of Emergency:** Make sure to always have your In Case of Emergency (ICE) contact in your wallet and on phone. First responders will look for it if you are in an accident.

Source: Denham, CR

### The 5 Rights of Emergency Care™

**Right Diagnosis:** The right diagnosis depends on information – make sure to help the emergency care providers with all of the information you have to help them.

- **Bring Your Medical Records:** your prior hospital records and summaries of the latest care if you have them.
- **Bring your Care Plan** if you have one.
- **Bring Medications:** your actual medications in a bag and be prepared to describe how you take them.
- **Imaging Studies & Reports:** If you have imaging studies on disc which can prevent you from getting other studies.
- **Tests & Diagnosis:** Understand the tests the findings of the tests.

Source: Denham, CR

## The 5 Rights of Emergency Care™

- **Treatment of Short-term Symptoms and of Long-term Conditions:** Procedures, medications, and new behaviors you need to maintain should be understood for the short-term and long-term timeframes.
- **Shared Decision Making:** Understand the treatment and decide together
- **Risks and Benefits:** Understand the risks and the benefits of proposed treatment.
- **Hospital Admissions:** Understand why you might be admitted for care in the hospital versus what would be required for care at home.

**Right Treatment:** It is important to understand both the short-term implications of emergency care as well as the long-term implications. An emergency medicine visit is a snapshot in time.

Source: Denham, CR.

## The 5 Rights of Emergency Care™

- **Return Precautions:** Understanding when to come back to ED — signs and symptoms to return. Care is never over during the visit. This is a vital safety area and we often wait too long before returning.
- **Understanding What Happened:** The Medical Problem, Diagnosis, and Treatment must be understood to make sure to have long-term results.
- **Medication Reconciliation:** The stops, adds, and changes in medications must be understood.
- **Records Reconciliation:** Assembling and summarizing the latest records are vital.
- **Care Plan:** Wound care, diet, and special instructions need to be understood.
- **Get the Records:** All of the records of the visit including imaging should be obtained and maintained at home — even if releases are required and in the following days to get the records.

**Right Discharge:** A critical area for safety is the discharge from the Emergency Department. The information shared with the patient and family will have a major impact on the outcome of care. We need to understand why we may need to come back for care.

Source: Denham, CR; McDowell, GM CareUniversity CME Program

## The 5 Rights of Emergency Care™

**Right Follow-up:** The continuity of care after an Emergency Medicine visit is very important to the long-term outcome of the care received. The breakdown in follow up is often an area of safety risk.

- **WHO, about WHAT, and WHEN:** In follow up we need to understand who we need to see as a caregiver, about what issues, and when we need to see them.
- **Update Your Records:** You will want to update your home records with the follow up visit records for future reference.
- **See New Caregivers:** You may need to see a new doctor and the records from primary care, ED visit, medications lists, and imaging studies will all be important.

Source: Denham,

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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™

**Gregory H. Botz, MD, FCCM**

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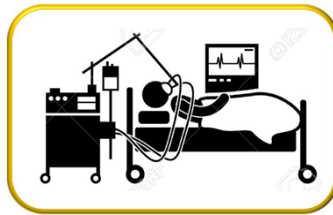
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8. What to Do – They're in ICU

### What to Do When They're in ICU



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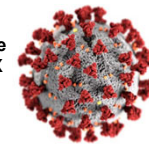
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### 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™



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## 10 Best Practices for Re-opening

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9. Long Haulers & COVID Recovery

### Long Haulers & COVID Recovery



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## Survive & Thrive Guide

### Congressional Hearing on Long Haul COVID-19



Francis Collins, MD  
National Institutes of Health  
Director

<https://energycommerce.house.gov/committees/energy-and-environment/committees/energy-and-environment/hearings/hearing-on-long-haul-covid-19>  
April 28, 2021

National Institutes of Health Director Francis Collins, MD, who also testified at the hearing, estimated as many as 3 million people could be left with chronic health problems after even mild COVID infections.

**"I can't overstate how serious this issue is for the health of our nation,"**

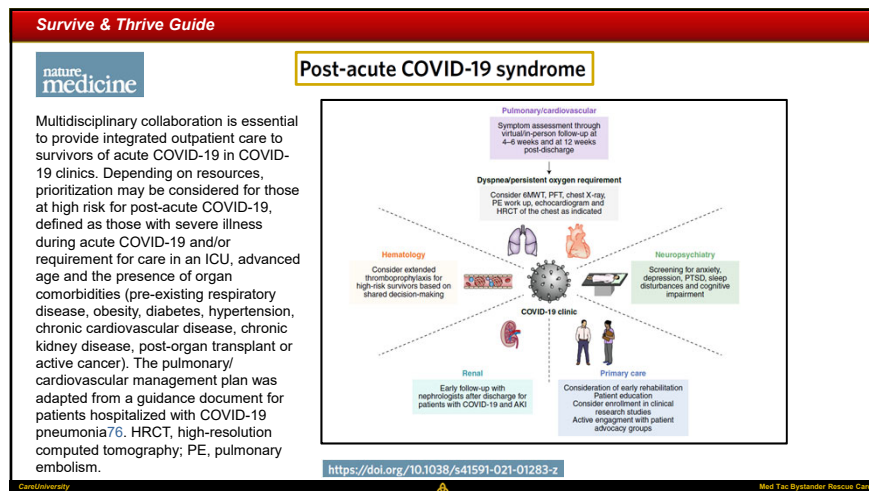
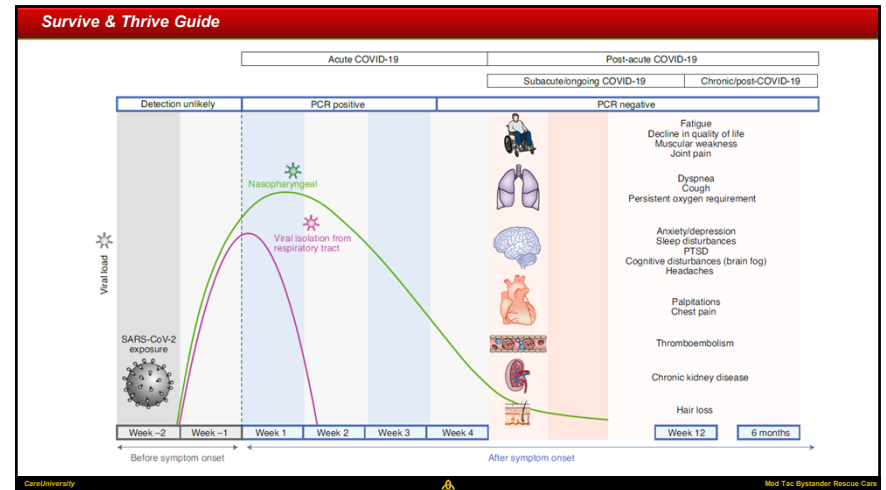
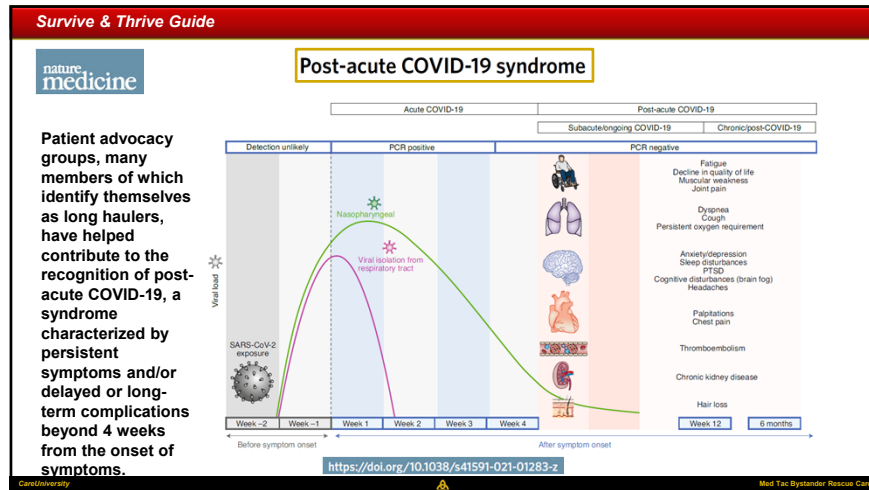
Collins said his estimate was based on studies showing that roughly 10% of people who get COVID could have long-haul COVID-19 and whose "long-term course is uncertain," he said.

**So far, more than 32 million Americans are**

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**Puzzling, often debilitating after-effects plaguing COVID-19 "long-haulers"**

**Doctors are still searching for answers to why a portion of people who were diagnosed with COVID-19 are still suffering symptoms months later.**

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10 Best Practices for Re-opening

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8. What to Do – They're in ICU
9. Long Haulers & COVID Recovery
10. The 4 P's at the New Normal

### The 4 P's at the New Normal

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Survive & Thrive Guides: Prevention, Preparedness, Protection, and Performance Improvement

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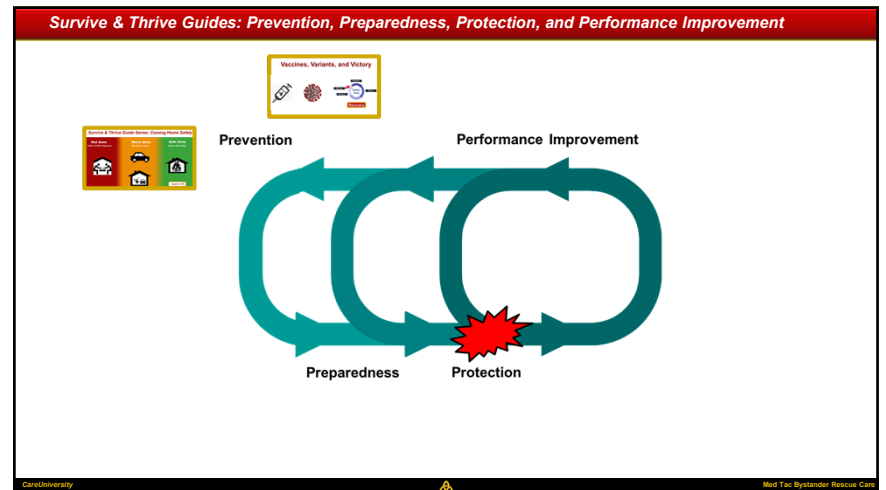
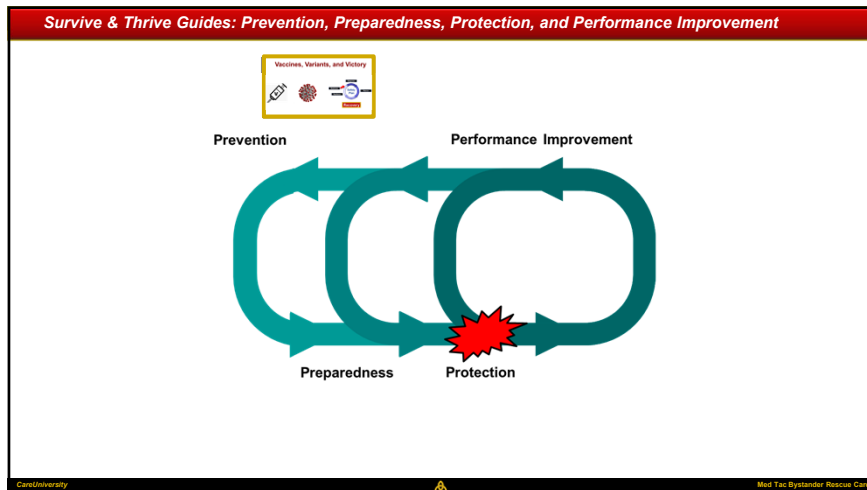
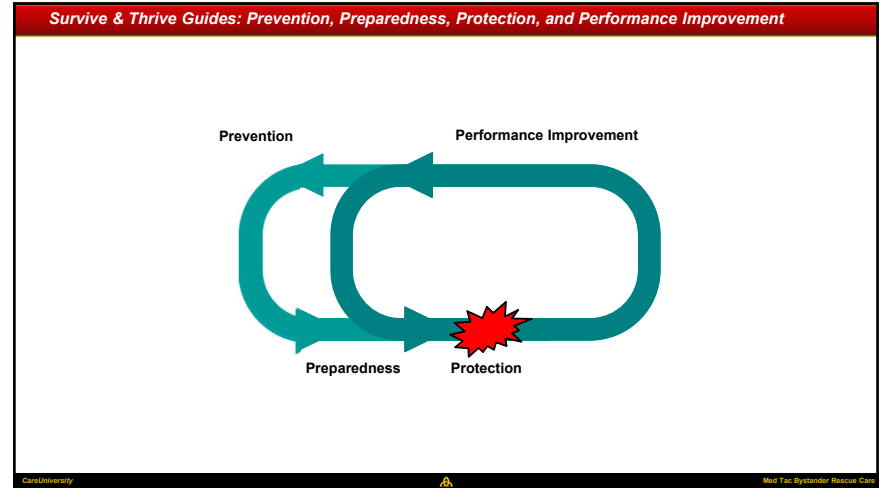
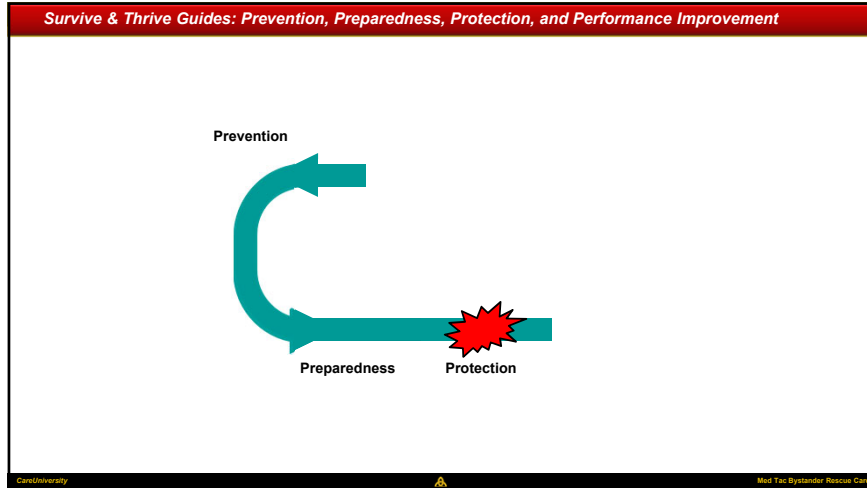
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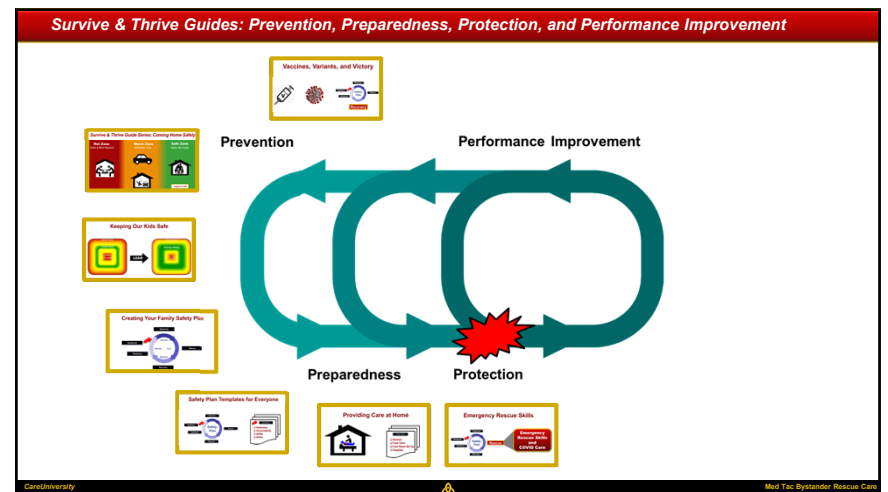
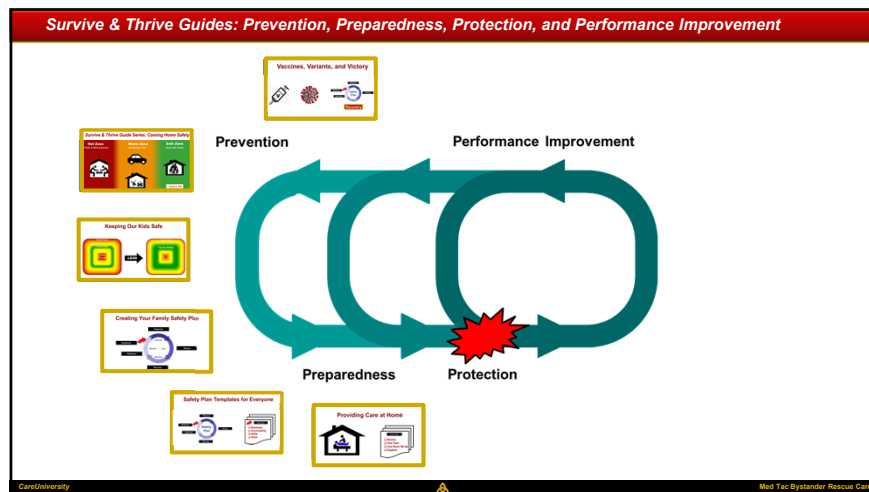
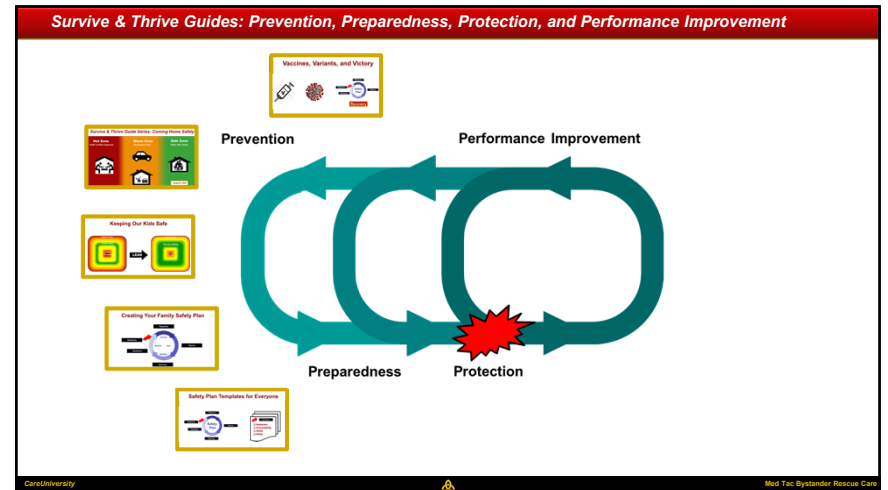
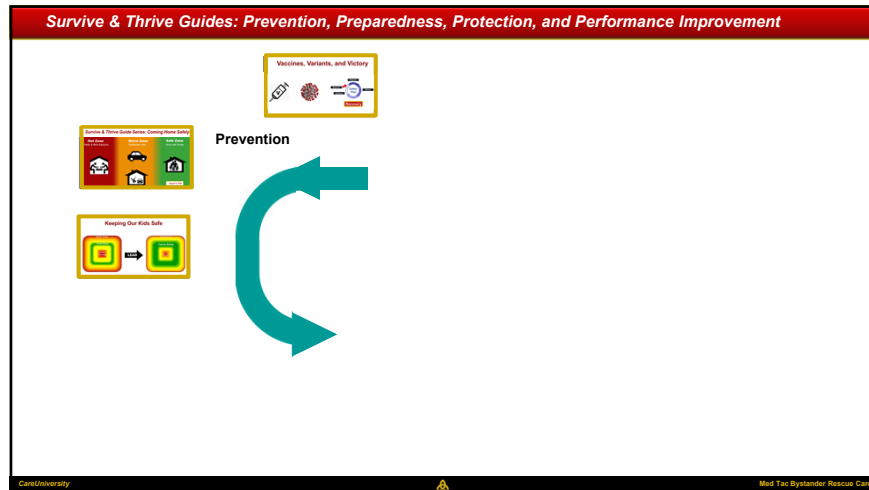
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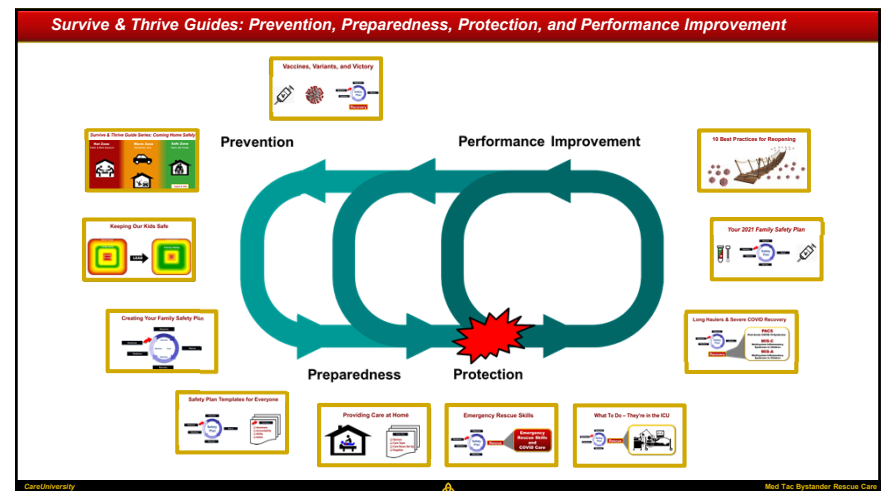
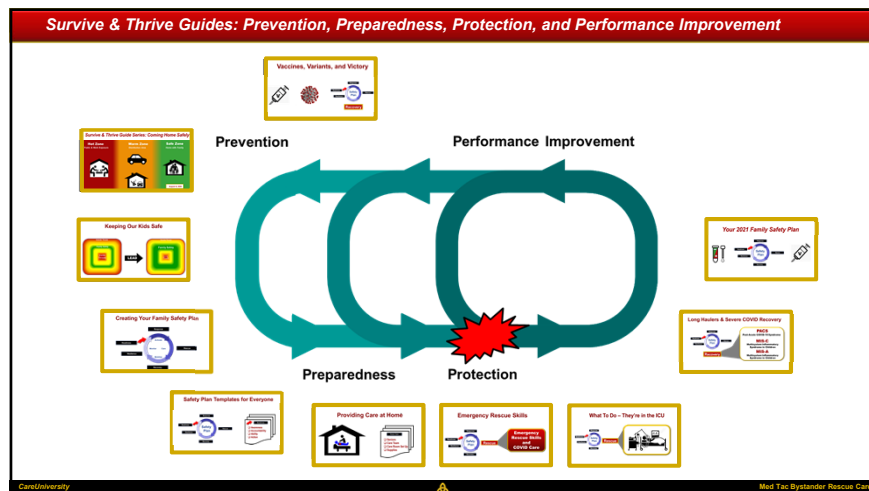
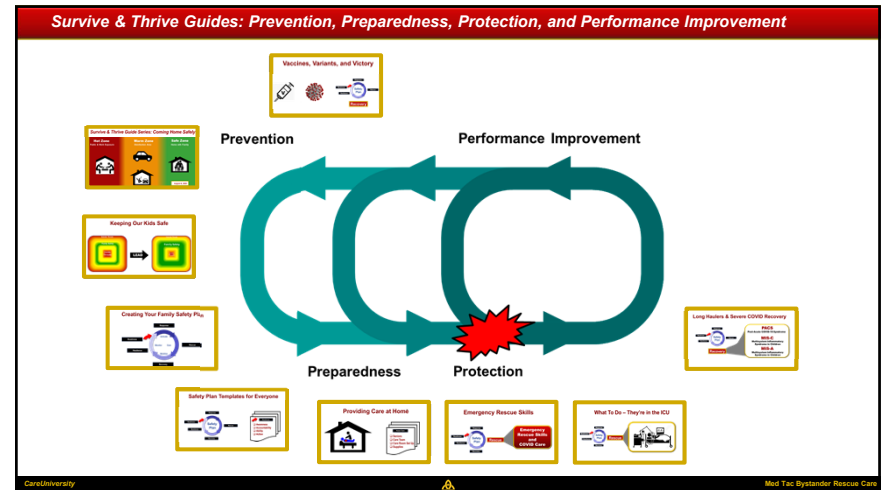
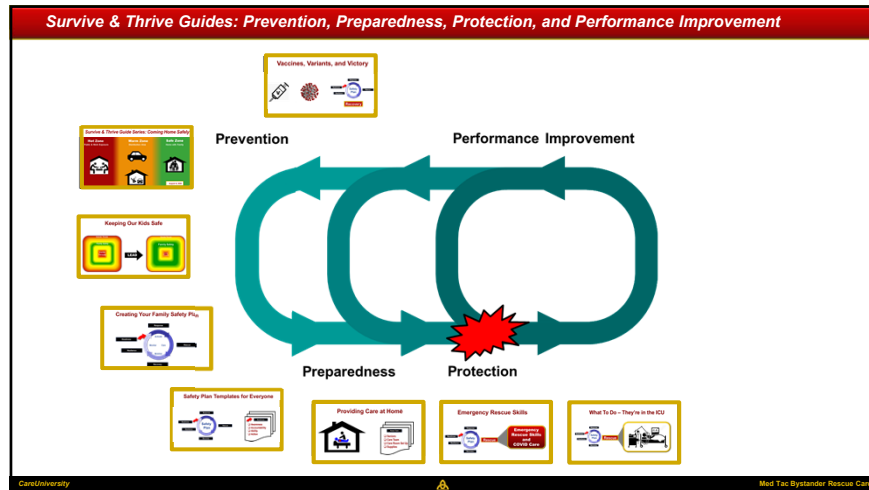
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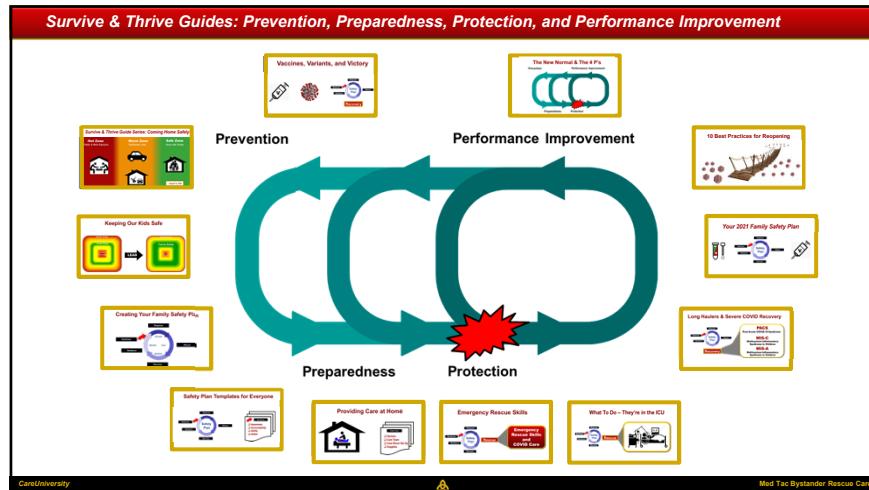
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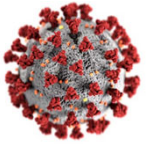
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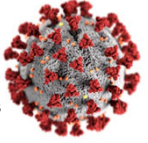
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## 10 Best Practices for Reopening A Survive & Thrive Guide™



**William Adcox, MBA**

Chief of Police and Chief Security Officer  
 MD Anderson  
 Cancer Center and The University of Texas  
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### Speakers & Reactors

Jennifer Dingman

Dr. Gregory Botz

Heather Foster RN

William Adcox

David Beshk

Jaime Yrastorza

Paul Bhatia EMT

Charlie Denham III

Dr. Charles Denham

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### Voice of the Patient

**Jennifer Dingman**

Founder, Persons United Limiting  
 Substandard and Errors in Healthcare  
 (PULSE), Colorado Division  
 Co-founder, PULSE American Division  
 TMIT Patient Advocate Team Member  
 Pueblo, CO

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# Fight the Good Fight

# Finish the Race

# Keep the Faith

## Survive & Thrive Guide

# Additional Resources and Slides from Videos

